# Microsoft Defender XDR

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Image courtesy of Adobe Firefly

#### CYBER SECURITY PRODUCT CHALLENGES

- Point solutions
- Integration challenges
- Security Orchestration, Automation & Response SOAR
- Endpoint Detection and Response EDR
- Network Detection and Response NDR
- eXtended Detection and Response XDR
- Continuous Threat Exposure Management CTEM

#### DEFENDER XDR

- Defender for Endpoint
- Defender for Office
- Defender for Identity
- Defender for Cloud Apps

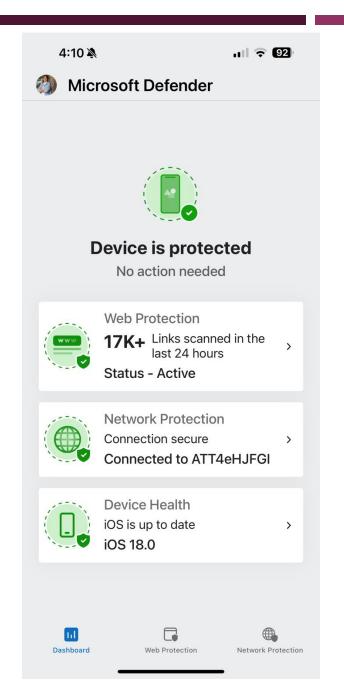
- Defender External Attack Surface Management
- Defender Threat Intelligence
- Defender for IoT / OT
- Exposure Management / Secure Score
- Sentinel
- Intune

#### LICENSING BASICS

- Business Premium (max 300 users)
- M365 E3
- M365 E5
- Defender for IoT add-on
- Defender for OT
- Defender Vulnerability Management add-on

#### DEFENDER FOR ENDPOINT

- Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR)
- A sensor is deployed to each device.
  - Sensor collects telemetry data and sends it up into the portal
  - Its goal is to watch the behavior of processes / drivers and report back
- Supported operating systems
  - Windows 7 SPI + Server 2008 R2 and forward
  - MacOS and iOS
  - Android
  - Popular Linux distributions
  - However older OS's mostly report only





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#### **Microsoft Defender**



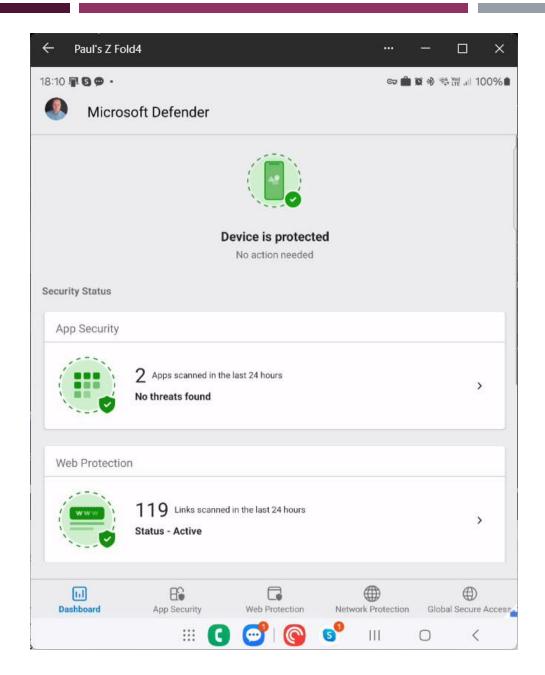
#### **Connection secure**

We didn't find any threats.

#### **RUN SCAN**



Secure Wi-Fi connection ATT4eHJFGI is a secure connection.



#### HOW IT WORKS

- Telemetry data is uploaded
- Local and cloud-based ML models
- Data is quickly reviewed for matches to known malware
- Activity is reviewed for suspiciousness
- Suspicious files and activity are run in a sandbox to further determine what they are trying to do
- Results are fed into knowledgebase, correction action takes place, results are logged in the portal

### INTEGRATIONS WITH OTHER FEATURES

- Attack surface reduction rules Intune
- Mobile Device Management Intune
- Client Firewall windows
- Device control Intune

- Mac and Linux: telemetry, vulnerability management and antimalware
- iOS and Android: Tunnel, malicious app scanning, phishing link protection, reporting

### DEFENDER FOR IDENTITY

- Active Directory & Federation Services & Entra ID Connect servers
- The security Graph
  - Learns from user & device accounts what normal behaviour looks like
- Honey token accounts
- Sets enforcement level based on account sensitivity
- Breaks lateral movement
- Can disable accounts automatically

#### ENTRA ID COMPONENTS OF P2

- Identity secure score
- Conditional Access (PI+)
- User risk
- Sign-in Risk
- MFA registration

#### DEFENDER FOR OFFICE 365

- Protects against business email compromise
  - Reputation
  - DNS authentication
  - Malware, spam, phishing, grey and bulk email
- Covers Office 365
  - SharePoint, OneDrive, Teams and Office 365 applications

- Additional protections
  - Impersonation protection
  - Learns each individuals common contacts
  - Phishing aggressiveness settings
  - Safe attachments and safe links
  - Sorts bulk mail
  - Scans for malware including attachments via detonation
  - Zero Hour Auto Purge (ZAP)
  - Custom transport rules
  - End user training and education campaigns

### EXCHANGE ONLINE PROTECTION

- TABL for block & allow (can take up to 24 hours 5 minutes)
- Anti-Malware policy
- Anti-Spam policy
- Anti-Phishing

#### DEFENDER FOR CLOUD APPS

- Cloud Security Access Broker (CASB)
- Tracks, manages, protects SaaS applications and activities within them
- Discover Shadow IT: block or allow
- Protects Third party Cloud services
  - Dropbox, Google workplace, Salesforce, Slack, etc

- Logs for investigation of app activity
  - Create policy based on activity
- Manages oAuth apps
- App activity policy
- Session policy
- Reverse proxy to integrate cloud app security into conditional access rules

#### PERMISSIONS OPTIONS IN DEFENDER XDR

Basic (Security Administrator / Global Administrator / Security Reader)

OR

- Role Based Access Control (RBAC)
- One-time choice, no option to go back to Basic
- For larger security teams to split tasks / permissions across XDR workloads / scoped for different geographies
- Device groups & tagging in MDE

#### ATTACK SURFACE REDUCTION (ASR) RULES

- ASR rules
- Controlled Folder Access
- Exploit Protection
- Network protection
- SmartScreen
- Web filtering

- > Restricts what apps and commands can do
- Limits write access to most folders
- Blocks legacy features of the OS
- Layer 3 protection and custom indicators blocks
- Blocks risky websites and apps
- > Blocks categories of websites

#### ASR "PROPER"

- Block credential sealing form the Windows local security authority subsystem (LSASS.exe)
- Block abuse of exploited vulnerable signed drives
- Block persistence through WMI event subscription
- Block Adobe Reader from creating child processes
- Block all Office applications from creating child processes

- Block executable content from email client and webmail
- Block executable files from running unless they meet a prevalence, age or trusted list
- Block execution of potentially obfuscate scripts
- Block JavaScript/VBScript from launching downloaded executable contents
- Block Office applications from creating executable content
- Block Office applications from injecting code into other processes
- Block Office communication application from creating child processes
- Block process creating originating from PSExec and WMI commands
- Block untrusted and unsigned processes that run from USB
- Block Win32 API calls from Office macros
- Use advanced protection against Ransomware

## EXPOSURE MANAGEMENT – I (PUBLIC PREVIEW)

- Initiatives to strengthen protection for one risk area:
  - Business Email Compromise
  - CIS M365 Foundations benchmark
  - Cloud Security
  - Critical Asset Protection
  - Endpoint Security
  - Enterprise IoT Security

- External Attack Surface
  Protection
- Identity Security
- Ransomware Protection
- SaaS Security
- Vulnerability Assessment
- Zero Trust (foundational)

### EXPOSURE MANAGEMENT - 2

- Initiatives to protect against particular threat actors
- XSPM relies on a graph database, not just lists of vulnerabilities & assets, but also how they're connected, this lets you do things like:
- Attack surface map
- Attack paths ("Device allows lateral movement to device", "Device allows lateral movement to user account" and "Device allows lateral movement to group")

- Modern defense relies on integrated security solutions
- Microsoft XDR is very integrated
- Different Defenders for various threat vectors
- Copilot for Security (if you've won the lottery)